PP7

Non-basic 5-HT₆ Receptor Ligands

<u>Ryszard Bugno</u>, Jakub Staroń, Adam Hogendorf, Grzegorz Satała, Dawid Warszycki, Stefan Mordalski, Andrzej J. Bojarski

Department of Medicinal Chemistry, Institute of Pharmacology Polish Academy of Sciences, 12 Smętna Street, 31-343 Kraków, Poland.

Recently a progress has been made in finding new non-basic ligands of serotonin receptors – mainly 5-HT $_6$ subtype. Until recently it was believed that only compounds with a basic nitrogen atom can act as aminergic receptor ligands. The discovery of the non-basic ligands has changed the longstanding views in medicinal chemistry. This phenomenon has been recently studied and some hypotheses were formulated, 1,2 but the mechanism of non-basic ligands-receptor interaction is still unclear.

As a part of our study on 5-HT $_6$ R the consistent series of indole derivatives has been designed in an attempt to describe the interactions of non-basic ligands in the binding pocket. Following the examples of literature ligands with 1-(phenylsulfonyl)-1H-indole fragment and basic nitrogen atom, their counterparts with reduced and/or removed basicity were synthesized.

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} I \\ I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$0 = \begin{bmatrix} S \\ I \end{bmatrix}$$

R = 1-methylpiperazinyl, 1-acetylpiperazinyl, 1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)piperazinyl, 1-piperidinyl

The 5-HT_6 , 5-HT_{2A} , 5-HT_7 and D_2 receptor affinities for all the synthesized compounds were assessed in radioligand binding experiments. The structure-affinity relationships and results of molecular modelling experiments are discussed.

- [1] Ivachtchenko A. V. et al. J. Med. Chem. 54 (2011) 8161.
- [2] Van Loevezijn A. et al. J. Med. Chem. 54 (2011) 7030.

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