

Comparison of FlexX and Surflex Docking Algorithms Based on Astex Diverse Set.

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Molecular docking is routinely used in lead finding and compound optimization, both for targets with experimental 3D coordinates and for homology-based models. Our study concentrates on comparison of two commercial docking programs: FlexX (BioSolveIT) and Surflex-Dock (Tripos). Their performance was explored using Astex Diverse Set that contains crystal structures of 85 protein-ligand complexes from different drug discovery or agrochemical targets [1]. Docking results were analyzed based on the success rate of producing near-native ligand binding geometries (rmsd < 2.0Å) and usage of different scoring functions (G_Score, D_Score, F_Score, Chem-Score, PMF, C_Score) are discussed. In addition, a number of technical issues and software limitations are described.

References:

[1] Hartshorn M. J., Verdonk M. L., Mortenson P. L., Murray C. W.: *J. Med. Chem.* 2007, 50, 726-741.